

SECTION 1

1. The Buddha is also known as _____manussa.
A. Lokuttara
B. Lokiya
C. Achariya
D. Sabaññuta
2. Which of the following statements is false ?
A. Sabbe Sankhara Anicca
B. Sabbe Sankhara Dukkha
C. Sabbe Sankhara Anatta
D. Sabbe dānam dhamma danam jinati
3. What is the meaning of ‘ Majjapanna ca saññamo’ from the Mangala Sutta ?
A. Refrain from indulging in liquor
B. To abstain from all evils
C. To be heedful in virtuous deeds
D. Not to associate with the fools
4. In right mindfulness, one has to be mindful with regard to _____.
A. walking, standing, sitting and lying
B. body, verbal, mental and consciousness
C. body, feeling, perception and mental formation
D. body, feeling, consciousness and doctrine
5. The Eight Vicissitudes of Life are :
Happiness, gain, sorrow, fame, loss, ill-fame and
A. greed, hatred
B. praise, blame
C. good, bad
D. like, dislike
6. The Buddha preached this Sutta such as:“ If any one who does not support his / her own parents, he / she is the cause of their own downfall ”What is the name of this Sutta ?
A. Kalama Sutta
B. Vasala Sutta
C. Parabhava Sutta
D. Ratana Sutta
7. What are the Four Brahma Viharas?
A. Silā, Samādhi, Pañña, Nibanna
B. Dan~, Sil~, Sam~dhi, Pañña
C. Metta, Dosa, Mudita, Upekkha
D. Metta, Mudita, Karuna, Upekkha
8. What are the Hindrances that obstruct one from attaining Samadhi ?
A. Ego, ill-will, sense-pleasure, doubt, delusion
B. Sense-pleasure, ill-will, sloth and torpor, restlessness and worry, doubt.
C. Jealousy, pride, ill-will, doubt, desire.
D. Greed, hatred, delusion fear and wrong view.
9. Which disciple has the same physical features as a Asmma Sambuddha ?
A. Sariputta
B. Moggallana
C. Ananda
D. Kassapa

10. The Buddha preached that these Five constituents are conducive to unsatisfactoriness?
 A. Panca Bala
 B. Panca Viriya
 C. Panca Khanda
 D. Panca Vivarana
11. Who was the husband of bhikkhuni Sanghamitta?
 A. Aggimukha
 B. Sumana
 C. Atthisara
 D. Channa
12. This events take place instantly, there being no differences whether one is in the state of heaven, hell, animal, demon or human_____.
 A. consciousness
 B. Relinking consciousness
 C. Mental-formation
 D. Mental perception
13. To what do the following two lines of verses refer:
 ‘ Misery only doth exist, none miserable nor doer is there, nought save deed is found’.
 A. Atta
 B. Anatta
 C. Sakayaditthi
 D. Vicikiccha
14. In the Paticca Samuppada, what causes the mental formation (Samkhara) ?
 A. Moha
 B. Tanha
 C. Vijja
 D. Ariija
15. An Anagami (Never returner) has cultivated deeper Insight and has eradicate_____.
 A. Self-delusion and doubt
 B. Rite and ritual
 C. Delusion and restlessness
 D. Sense-pleasure and Ill-will
16. “Ever-lasting Happiness, neither cause nor effect, eternal and deathless, refer to one concept”. Pick out that concept.
 A. Rupaloka B. Arupaloka
 C. Nibbana D. Devaloka
17. The Buddha preached the “Aditta Pariyaya Sutta” to_____.
 A. Yasa’s mother & father
 B. Kassapa brother & their followers
 C. Tapassu & Bhallika
 D. Nigantha Nataputta
18. “_____ just like a mother will to protect her only son, even at the risk of her own life, even so _____”. The above quotation is extracted from which Sutta?
 A. Vasala Sutta
 B. Ratana Sutta
 C. Metta Sutta
 D. Mangala Sutta
19. Who was the immoral bhikkhu who rejoiced over the buddha’s death?
 A. Devadatta
 B. Dhammarama
 C. Subhadda
 D. Revata
20. How long did the Bhikkhunis Sasana last?
 A. 300years B. 400years
 C. 500years D. 600years

SECTION 2

(PART A)

1. What are the Nine Virtues of the Buddha. Then explain on each virtue of the nine virtues of the Buddha, with any two incidents which show His quality “Sutago”.
2. The Buddha is often referred as “Samma Sambuddha”. Please explain what make Him a Samma Sambuddha and giving two incidents extract from His life to reveal His quality as “Lokavidu”.
3. Please describe clearly all the major events in the life history of the Buddha to show that the Buddha had served god and human selflessly during His forty-five years of Ministry.

(PART B)

4. What are Pancakkhandha? Please explain clearly how they are inter-related to Dukkha (unsatisfactoriness).
5. What is the Law of Dependent Origination (Paticca Samuppada)? Explain clearly how it will lead us from birth to death of the human beings.
6. What are the Ten Fetters? Explain clearly how Vipassana meditation helps us to eradicate the Fetters for the attainment of Anagami.

(PART C)

7. What are the qualities and virtues of Ven.Kassapa Thero? Recall the history of the past and present life of Ven.Kassapa Thero.
8. Please explain clearly the Ven.Ananda Thero, qualities and duties as a Buddha attendant monk until His attaining of Mahaparinibbana.
9. Trace the events that lead to the establishment of the Bhikkhunis Sangha. What are the significance they had on the status of women in India at that time?

(PART D)

10. What are the teachings of the Buddha fr filial piety? Explain fully from the extracts of the discourse and give illustrations from the Jataka story.
11. How does Rebirth take place without a soul? Explain clearly from the Dhamma point of view to prove that without a soul, there in also Rebirth.
12. Why do we Buddhist take refuge in the Triple Gems? Please explain the significance of each refuge we sought and you can extract from the Jataka story to illustrate this point.