

11. The two merchants, Tapassu and Bhallika who offered honey and flour to the Buddha after His Enlightenment came from _____
- Uruvela
 - Vesali
 - Savatthi
 - Ukkala
12. What are known as the Deva - Dhamma, i.e. the two Laws that govern the behaviour of humans in this world.
- Loving-kindness & compassion
 - Shame & fear
 - Joy & equanimity
 - Morality & meditation
13. The Ven. Sariputta Thero attained Arahantship on hearing the Buddha preaching the Sutta to an Ascetic. Who was this ascetic?
- Subhada the Ascetic
 - Dighanakha the Ascetic
 - The Naked Ascetic
 - Nigantha Nataputta the Ascetic
14. What was the last meal served to the Buddha before His attainment of Nibbana?
- Pig meat
 - Tiger meat
 - Sukara Maddava
 - Kiribhojana
15. In Samma Sati, one has to be aware of _____
- Kaya, Vaca, Cetasika & Viññana
 - Kaya, vedana, citta & dhamma
 - Kaya, vedana, sañña & viññana
 - Kaya, sankhara, cetasika & viññana
16. The Buddha said, "Do not believe what the Teacher say". From which Sutta does it come from?
- Parabhava Sutta
 - Vasala Sutta
 - Bhojjanga Sutta
 - Kalama Sutta
17. Before the Buddha attained Maha Parinibbana, the Buddha's last advice was _____.
- Avoid evil, do good and purify the mind
 - Do not be heedless
 - Strive on with diligence
 - Practise Diligently
18. The Mangala Sutta contains 38 indications of the Highest Blessings. The 1st Blessing is _____
- To associate with the wise
 - Not to associate with the fools
 - To support one's mother & father
 - To have gratitude
19. In the Bhikkhuni Sangha, who were the Two Chief disciples?
- Khema & Yasodhara
 - Khema & Pajapati Gotami
 - Khema & Upalavanna
 - Yasodhara & Pajapati Gotami
20. The fundamental units of nature as analysed by the Buddha are collectively known as _____
- Nikama
 - Niyama
 - Paramatta
 - Sacca

SECTION 2

(PART A)

1. The Buddha have 32 major characteristics on His body. Describe what are the characteristics. Give one Jataka Story from His past life to give evidence for His development of One characteristics.
2. In the NAVA GUNA GATHA (nine virtues stanza), explain clearly all the nine virtues of the Buddha. Elaborate any two incidents which show His quality as “Vijja Carana Sampanno”.
3. The Buddha is often referred as “Samma Sambuddha”. Please explain why He is Samma Sambuddha and giving two incidents extract from His life to reveal His quality as “Sugato”.

(PART B)

4. Please explain clearly how the 5 Nature Laws govern the law of nature in human realm.
5. Explain fully in detail the Four Noble Truths as taught by the Buddha and how it will lead us to attain Enlightenment.
6. What is Panca Nivarana? Explain clearly how these Nivarana act as obstacles to a person during his practice of meditation

(PART C)

7. What are the Nine Virtues of the Sangha? Explain clearly any One virtue and illustrate from a Jataka story to show this virtue.
8. What are the qualities and virtues of Ven. Savali Thero? Illustrate from the Jataka story what Parami in his previous life he had cultivated.
9. Recall the history of the past and present life of Ven.Satiputta Thero. Explain the virtues which were praised by the Buddha.

(PART D)

10. Some people die in Coma (Bhavanga Citta). What past evil Kamma have they done in the past? Discuss.
11. Some people die in Coma. What past evil deeds have they done in the past? Discuss using the Buddhist point of view.
12. What are the conditions for breaking the precept of ‘panatipata’(killing). Why is it difficult to uphold this precept purely without breaking it? Explain.