

Subject code: 01

31 August 2006

MALAYSIAN BUDDHIST EXAMINATION SYNDICATE

33<sup>rd</sup> MALAYSIAN BUDDHIST EXAMINATION

(Preliminary Stage)

THE LIFE OF THE BUDDHA, THE DHAMMA, THE SANGHA

TIME: 1 HOUR

1. There are 50 questions in this paper, answer all the questions
2. Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet provided.
3. Give only 1 answer to each question.
4. If you wish to change the answer, erase completely the answer you do not want and then darken your new choice.

DO NOT TURN OVER THE PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Kod Mata Pelajaran : 01

31 Ogos 2006

LEMBAGA PEPERIKSAAN BUDDHIST MALAYSIA

PEPERIKSAAN BUDDHIST MALAYSIA KE – 33

(Peringkat Permulaan)

KEHIDUPAN BUDDHA, DHAMMA, DAN SANGHA

Masa : 1 jam

1. Kertas soalan ini mengandungi 50 soalan, jawab semua soalan.
2. Tandakan semua jawapan anda pada kertas jawapan objektif yang disediakan.
3. Pilih 1 jawapan sahaja bagi setiap soalan.
4. Jika anda hendak menular sesuatu jawapan, padamkan sehingga bersih tanda yang tidak dikehendaki itu dan hitamkan pilihan anda yang betul.

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIBERITAHU

For question 1 to 25, Choose

- A if I, II and III correct
- B if I and II correct
- C if II and III correct
- D if I correct

1. I. Siddhartha Gotama's father was King Suddhodana  
II. Siddhartha Gotama's mother was Queen Maha Maya  
III. Siddhartha Gotama was born on the Wesak Fullmoon day of May.
2. I. Siddhartha means wish-fulfilled  
II. Gotama means good luck.  
III. Yasodhara means excellent.
3. I. Rahula's father was King Suddhodana  
II. Rahula's father was Siddhatta Gotama  
III. Rahula's mother was Yasodhara
4. I. Channa was Siddhattha's charioteer.  
II. Kanthaka was Siddhattha's favourite horse.  
III. Bhaddiya was Siddhattha's teacher.
5. I. Prince Siddhartha ordained himself.  
II. Prince Siddhartha shaved his head and beard with his own sword.  
III. Prince Siddhartha wore yellow robes and became a monk.
6. The eight requisites, Attha Parikkhara includes \_\_\_\_\_  
I. umbrella and pen  
II. the upper robe and the under robe  
III. Bowl, knife, needle and belt
7. I. Bodhisatta means a wisdom being.  
II. Bodhisatta is a person who is trying to become a Buddha.  
III. Bodhisatta means charitable.
8. What did the bodhisatta do upon his ordination?  
I. Reading Sutras from his teachers.  
II. Seeking alms in the streets of Rajagaha.  
III. Fasting a week in the Anupiya Mango Grove.
9. The Bodhisatta studied doctrine of  
I. Sanjaya  
II. Uddaka Ramaputta  
III. Alara Kalama
10. Who attended on the Bodhisatta during his search for truth.  
I. Vappa  
II. Bhaddiya  
III. Mahamana
11. The four noble truths include  
I. Suffering  
II. Cause of suffering  
III. Effect of suffering
12. What were the extremes the Buddha advised the monks to give up?  
I. Meditation  
II. enjoyment of sensual pleasure  
III. tormenting of the body
13. The last three of the noble eightfold path are \_\_\_\_\_  
I. Samma Vayama  
II. Samma Sati  
III. Samma Samadhi
14. Triple gems include \_\_\_\_\_  
I. Buddha  
II. Dhamma  
III. Arahant
15. Choose supporters of the Buddha  
I. Devadatta  
II. Visakha  
III. Anathapindika
16. King Bimbisara offered \_\_\_\_\_ to the Buddha and His Sangha.  
I. Veluvanarama, Bamboo Grove.  
II. Anupiya Mango Grove  
III. Summer Palace

17. Who were the Buddha's main chief disciples?  
 I. Rahula  
 II. Sariputta  
 III. Moggallana
18. What do you mean by an 'Arahant'?  
 I. A worthy one  
 II. One who attains the first stage of sainthood  
 III. Never-Returner
19. Ananda  
 I. Was a cousin of the Buddha  
 II. became the Treasurer of the Dhamma  
 III. was the favourite attendant of the Buddha
20. Who are chosen to recite the Vinaya and the Dhamma during the First Council?  
 I. Mahakassapa  
 II. Upali  
 III. Ananda
21. Tipitaka consists of  
 I. Vinaya Pitaka  
 II. Sutta Pitaka  
 III. Dhamma Pitaka
22. The first three of the five precepts are \_\_\_\_\_  
 I. not to lie  
 II. not to steal  
 III. not to kill
23. One become \_\_\_\_\_ by giving up lying  
 I. careful  
 II. truthful  
 III. trustful
24. The following are from Dasa Kusala Kamma  
 I. Sila  
 II. Pattidana  
 III. Bhavana
25. The Pali term for evil.  
 I. Kusala  
 II. Akusala  
 III. Papa
26. A Sakya Prince Siddhartha Gotama was born in the Lumbini Park at \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Rajagaha  
 B. Kapilavathu  
 C. Isipatana  
 D. Jetavanaram
27. Prince Siddhartha's mother, Queen Maha Maya \_\_\_\_\_ seven days after his birth  
 A. fell sick  
 B. died  
 C. returned to her father's home  
 D. walked on lotuses
28. Who brought up Prince Siddhartha?  
 A. Maha Pajapati Gotami  
 B. Queen Maha Maya  
 C. Sujata  
 D. Sundari Nanda
29. "Aggo" ham sami lokassa,..." means  
 A. To find out the truth  
 B. To struggle and to find truth  
 C. Living you could perform merit  
 D. Chief am I in this world
30. The great sage named Asita visited the infant Prince Siddhartha, Asita also known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Devadatta  
 B. Anathapindika  
 C. Subhadda  
 D. Kala devala
31. King Suddhadana invited many \_\_\_\_\_ to name the infant prince  
 A. Brahmins  
 B. Yogis  
 C. Sarjana  
 D. Sami
32. The infant prince was placed on a \_\_\_\_\_ under a rose-apple tree during Ploughing Festival.  
 A. bed  
 B. couch  
 C. chair  
 D. table
33. Prince Siddhartha was married to his beautiful cousin, Princess  
 A. Sundari Nanda  
 B. Yasodhara  
 C. Pamita  
 D. Uppalavanna

34. The Bodhi Tree at \_\_\_\_\_ sprang up on the Prince's birthday.  
 A. Buddha Gaya  
 B. Kusinara  
 C. Kapilavatthu  
 D. Tusita Heaven
35. The four strange sights the Prince saw are old man, a sick person, a corpse and  
 A. a noble hermit  
 B. Brahmin  
 C. a beggar  
 D. warrior
36. Prince Siddhartha gave his \_\_\_\_\_ as a present to a young lady Kisa Gotami  
 A. jewels                      B. ring  
 C. necklace                      D. horse
37. Who approached the bodhisatta when he was almost on the verge of death?  
 A. Mara                      B. Kondana  
 C. Angulimala                      D. Kanthaka
38. What new path did the Bodhisatta adopt after he gave up the two extremes?  
 A. Right Path  
 B. Left Path  
 C. Middle Path  
 D. Secondary Path
39. Who offered the Bodhisatta some milk rice as he gave up fasting?  
 A. Sujita                      B. Sujata  
 C. Sujana                      D. Sumitta
40. During the watch of the night, the Bodhisatta destroyed all passions, understood the Four Noble Truths, and became a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Sotapanna  
 B. Sakadagami  
 C. Arahant  
 D. Samma Sambuddha
41. End of Suffering is also known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Sukha                      B. Dukha  
 C. Nibbana                      D. Sacca
42. The Buddha first sermon is about \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Anattalakkhana sutta  
 B. Dhammacakka sutta  
 C. Majjhima patipada  
 D. Cula dhammapala jataka
43. The Buddha preached His first sermon at the deer park at \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Jetavannarama                      B. Rajagaha  
 C. Sahet-mahet                      D. Isipatana
44. Samma Samkappa means  
 A. Right thought  
 B. Right Understanding  
 C. Right Speech  
 D. Right Effort
45. The Pali term for "Stream-winner" is  
 A. Sotapanna                      B. Sakadagami  
 C. Anagami                      D. Arahant
46. After hearing the first discourse of the Buddha, devas and Brahmas shouted  
 A. Aggo ham sami lokassa  
 B. Samma Sambuddha  
 C. Avuso Gotama  
 D. Sadhu, Sadhu
47. Who introduced Sariputta and Moggallana to the Buddha?  
 A. Asaji  
 B. Ananda  
 C. Bhaddiya  
 D. Maha Pajapati Gotami
48. Tisarana is the Pali term for the  
 A. Three Precepts  
 B. Three Refuges  
 C. Three Baskets  
 D. Five Precepts
49. "Bhagavato" means  
 A. Transference of merits  
 B. The Holy One  
 C. unrivalled  
 D. Wisdom
50. Who was ordered by his enraged teacher to fetch a thousand fingers as a token for his teachings?  
 A. Devadatta                      B. Mahakassapa  
 C. Sariputta                      D. Angulimala